

3.1 (a) Kakutani's fixed point theorem

Let  $S$  be a non-empty, closed, and convex set. Let  $F: S \rightarrow S$  be a nonempty, convex-valued upper hemicontinuous correspondence. Then  $\exists x \in S$  such that  $x \in F(x)$ .

(b) A strategy profile  $s$  is a Nash equilibrium if  $s^i \in BR^i(s) \forall i \in I$ .

(c)  $S_1, \dots, S_I$  non-empty, closed, convex  $\Rightarrow S$  non-empty, closed, convex

Lemma  $BR$  is non-empty

$u^i(s^i, s^{-i})$  continuous in  $s^i$ ,  $S^i$  compact  $\Rightarrow \{t^i \in S^i \mid u^i(t^i, s^{-i}) = \max_{r^i \in S^i} u^i(r^i, s^{-i})\}$  is nonempty by Weierstrass  
 $\Leftrightarrow BR^i(s)$  nonempty  $\forall i \Leftrightarrow BR(s)$  nonempty. ■

Lemma  $BR$  is convex-valued

Let  $\hat{s}^i, \tilde{s}^i \in BR^i(s)$ . Then  $u^i(\hat{s}^i, s^{-i}) \geq u^i(t^i, s^{-i}) \forall t^i \in S^i$ . For  $\alpha \geq 0$ ,  
 $\alpha u^i(\hat{s}^i, s^{-i}) \geq \alpha u^i(t^i, s^{-i}) \Rightarrow \alpha \sum_{a \in A} (\hat{s}^i(a) \prod_{j \neq i} s^j(a) u^i(a)) \geq \alpha \sum_{a \in A} [t^i(a) \prod_{j \neq i} s^j(a) u^i(a)]$

$\sum_{a \in A} \alpha \hat{s}^i(a) \prod_{j \neq i} s^j(a) u^i(a) \geq \sum_{a \in A} \alpha t^i(a) \prod_{j \neq i} s^j(a) u^i(a) \forall t^i \in S^i$ .

Likewise  $u^i(\tilde{s}^i, s^{-i}) \geq u^i(t^i, s^{-i}) \forall t^i \in S^i \Rightarrow$  For  $\alpha \leq 1$ ,  $\sum_{a \in A} (1-\alpha) \tilde{s}^i(a) \prod_{j \neq i} s^j(a) u^i(a) \geq$

$\sum_{a \in A} (1-\alpha) t^i(a) \prod_{j \neq i} s^j(a) u^i(a)$ . So  $\sum_{a \in A} (\alpha \hat{s}^i(a) + (1-\alpha) \tilde{s}^i(a)) \prod_{j \neq i} s^j(a) u^i(a) \geq \sum_{a \in A} t^i(a) \prod_{j \neq i} s^j(a) u^i(a) \Rightarrow$

$u^i(\alpha \hat{s}^i + (1-\alpha) \tilde{s}^i, s^{-i}) \geq u^i(t^i, s^{-i}) \forall t^i \in S^i \Rightarrow \alpha \hat{s}^i + (1-\alpha) \tilde{s}^i \in BR^i(s) \Rightarrow BR(s)$  is convex-valued.  $BR^i$  convex valued  $\forall i \Leftrightarrow BR$  convex-valued

Lemma  $BR: S \rightarrow S$  is upper hemicontinuous.

Let  $s_n$  be a sequence in  $S$  with  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} s_n = s$ . Let  $r_n^i$  be a sequence in  $S^i$  such that  $r_n^i \in BR^i(s_n) \forall n$  and  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} r_n^i = r^i \in S^i$ .

$r_n^i \in BR^i(s_n) \Rightarrow u^i(r_n^i, s_n^{-i}) \geq u^i(t^i, s_n^{-i}) \forall n \forall t^i \in S^i \Rightarrow u^i(r_n^i, s_n^{-i}) \geq u^i(t^i, s_n^{-i}) \forall t^i \in S^i \forall n$ .

Since  $u^i$  continuous,  $u^i(r^i, s_n^{-i}) \geq u^i(t^i, s^{-i}) \forall t^i \in S^i \Rightarrow r^i \in BR^i(s) \Rightarrow BR^i(s)$  is uhc  $\forall i \Leftrightarrow BR(s)$  is uhc.

3.1 (c) (cont'd)

THM  $NE(G) \neq \emptyset$

PF The best response correspondence  $BR$  is non-empty, convex-valued, and upper hemi-continuous by the above lemmæ. By Kakutani FTP,  $\exists s \in BR(s)$ . Such an  $s$  is a Nash equilibrium.