## Economics 4113: Midterm 2—April 3, 2008

INSTRUCTIONS: You have 1 hour and 15 minutes to answer the questions below. Provide answers as complete as possible. Good luck!

An individual lives for two years. He earns income  $I_1$  during the first year and  $I_2$  during the second year. Each year, the individual may consume two goods, x and y. Let  $x_1$  denote the amount of good x consumed in the first year, and  $x_2$  the amount of good x consumed in the second year; similarly for  $y_1$  and  $y_2$ . Let  $p_1$  and  $q_1$  be the prices of goods x and y, respectively in the first year, and  $p_2$  and  $q_2$  those in the second year. Assume for now that the individual cannot borrow or save. The individual's budget problem is given below:

 $\max_{x,y \ge \mathbf{0}} \alpha \ln(x_1) + \beta \ln(y_1) + \delta(\alpha \ln(x_2) + \beta \ln(y_2)) \text{ subject to}$  $p_1 x_1 + q_1 y_1 \le I_1 \quad \text{and} \quad p_2 x_2 + q_2 y_2 \le I_2.$ 

where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are positive,  $0 < \delta < 1$ ,  $I_1$ ,  $I_2$  are also positive, and  $\alpha + \beta = 1$ .

1. Solve the optimization problem, i.e., calculate the optimal consumption of each good at each date. Also calculate the marginal utility of money income at both dates 1 and 2. Find an expression for the indirect utility

$$V(p_1, q_1, p_2, q_2, I_1, I_2),$$

i.e., the value function of this budget problem.

2. Now suppose that the individual can borrow and save at the rate of interest r > 0. Let s be the amount of money that the individual saves in the first year to have available in the second year. (If s < 0 then we interpret this as borrowing.)

Thus, if an individual saves an amount s then the income has has available to purchase goods in date 1 equals  $I_1 - s$ , whereas his income in date 2 equals  $I_2 + (1 + r)s$ . In date 2, after saving an amount s, the individual receives principal (s) plus interest (rs). Implicitly we are assuming that the borrowing rate equals the lending rate.

Let  $W(s) = V(p_1, q_1, p_2, q_2, I_1 - s, I_2 + (1 + r)s)$  be the indirect utility after saving an amount s from date 1 for date 2. The individual's saving problem is

$$\max_{s} W(s).$$

Decide if W is a concave function or a convex function (or neither) of s. Find the optimal saving decision  $s^*$ . Under what conditions is  $s^* = 0$ ? What is the individual's optimal decision if  $\delta = 0$ ? Now, suppose that  $\delta = 1/(1+r) > 0$ . How much money does the individual end up spending in date 1 and date 2? What is the intertemporal expenditure ratio  $(I_1 - s^*)/[I_2 + (1+r)s^*]$ ? Find the intertemporal consumption ratios  $x_1^*/x_2^*$  and  $y_1^*/y_2^*$  after saving  $s^*$ .